

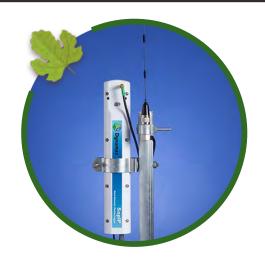








Crop and Water Stress Management Service and Equipment



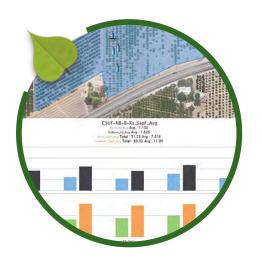
Sap Flow and Sap Velocity Systems

- FLOW32, FLGS-TDP, SapIP
 Wireless Sap Flow Systems
- Patented EXO-Skin sensors
- Dynagage Heat Balance Sap Flow Sensors
- HPFM & HCFM Hydraulic Conductance Meters
- DEX Dendrometers



Systems Integrator

- Custom Weather Stations
- Environmental Science Applications
- Hydrology and Water Balance Systems



Agrisensors.NET Cloud-Based Data Manager



Complete IRT Systems



SALH-IRT Stress Accumulator Logger System

Stand alone data logging system Monitors up to (25) wireless IRT sensors



IRT Coordinator System

Use a PC with IRT Watcher software Monitors up to (27) wireless IRT sensors Add to Center Pivot Irrigation Systems



SapIP IRT System

Add multiple IRT analog sensors to existing SapIP wireless networks Monitor plant water use, soil moisture, ET weather, and IRT leaf temp., all in one wireless network



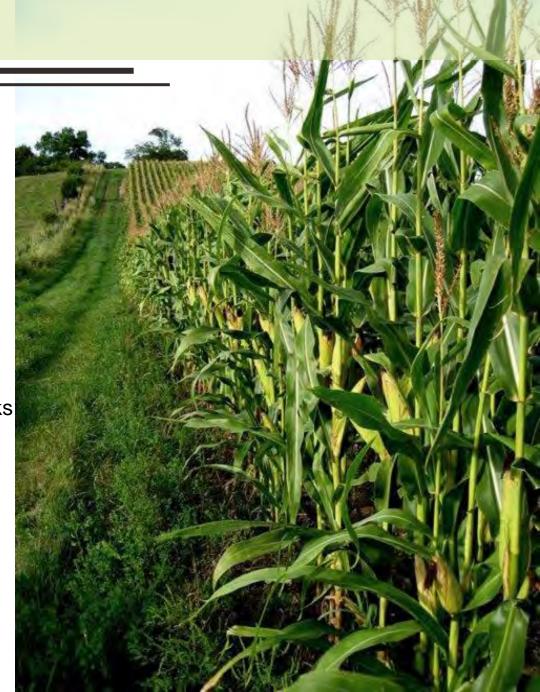
IRT Analog or SDI12 Sensors

Add to almost any data logger



RHT Weather Node

RH & Temp. to compute CWSI and vapor pressure deficit





IRT-SALH Stress Accumulator Logging System



- ✓ Monitors up to (25) IRT sensors, (3) routers
- ✓ Stress accumulator software (SAL)
- ✓ ZigBee link radio frequency transceiver, high power and waterproof 2.5 GHz antenna (500 m LOS)
- SD card slot for data storage (1 million records)
- ✓ Wi-Fi for data collection/observation, 50-100 ft. range
- Browser data access with authentication
- Mapping for IRT locations, field irrigation picture
- ✓ CWSI, iDANS, and temperature transmission to mobile device – Wi-Fi interface page



Full Features: Dynamax IRT System

Leaf temperature relating to plant stress Compare to CWSI or other Stress Models

Used in irrigation scheduling

Excellent for drip/center pivot or other irrigation systems

Developed with USDA-ARS

Wireless, SDI-12, or Analog IR Temperature of ±0.5° C ±0.5° C accuracy over wide range of ambient (0-50° C)

20 degree Narrow Field of View Very narrow field of view 95% sensitivity for a 3:1 (distance:width) 6 ft. distance gives a 2 ft. window

Rechargeable batteries (solar- 2 W separate)

Up to 27 units per network on an IRT Coordinator

1 min to 60 min output timing

RF Zigbee output in API format, low-cost coordinators

50 – 500 m range based on antenna gain



SapIP-RHT Relative Humidity and Temp Sensor



RH & Temperature Node (SPIP-RHT)



High Precision Sensors

0.1° C temperature accuracy for ambient Replaceable rotronic RHT sensor



For Calculation of Crop Water Stress Index (CWSI) or Vapor Pressure Deficit (VPD)

High Stress = Temperature is above ambient or non-stressed plants



Wireless Connection to SALH Logger or Coordinator

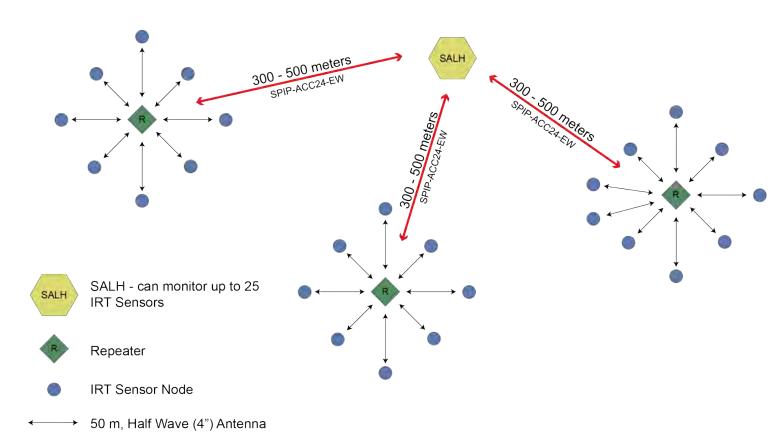


SPIP-RHT Includes Battery and Charger





SALH System Configuration



SapIP nodes can be "daisy-chained" several levels deep, allowing distances of 2-3 miles to be monitored.

SapIP systems are versatile to meet application requirements.







CWSI Plant Stress Data Analysis

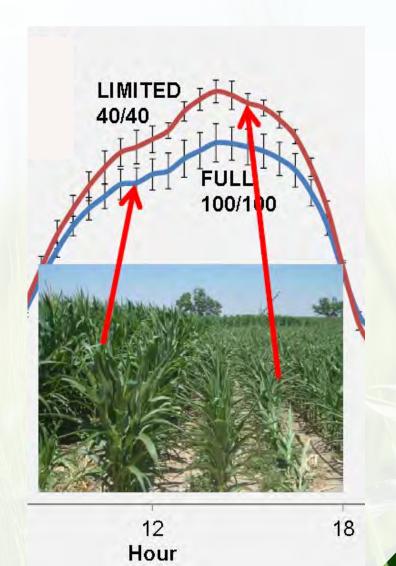


CWSI = 0.4 to 0.6, "0" is no stress 0.5 = 50% reduction in water use

$$CWSI = \frac{(dT_{m} - dT_{LL})}{(dT_{UL} - dT_{LL})}$$

dT _{UL}- Upper limit dT _{LL} - Lower limit

$$\mathrm{d}T_{\mathrm{LL}} = m imes \mathrm{VPD} + b$$
 $\mathrm{d}T_{\mathrm{UL}} = m imes \mathrm{VPG} + b$





CWSI Plant Stress Data Analysis



Plant leaf temperature vs:
Total water stress CWSI

Example:
$$\begin{aligned} \text{T}_{\text{UL}} &= \text{15C} \\ \text{T}_{\text{LL}} &= \text{5C} \end{aligned} \quad \text{CWSI} = \frac{\left(\text{d}T_{\text{m}} - \text{d}T_{\text{LL}}\right)}{\left(\text{d}T_{\text{UL}} - \text{d}T_{\text{LL}}\right)} \\ \text{dT}_{\text{m}} &= \text{Max} \; (\text{T} - \text{T}_{\text{air}}) \end{aligned}$$

CWSI = 1 - Ea/Ep = Actual Transp./Transp. Potential

Growers decide how much CWSI can be tolerated before irrigation (0.4 to 0.6)

Water is conserved if irrigation schedule is reduced & stress factor is neutral

$$Air = 30^{\circ} C$$

40° C

CWSI =
$$(40-30)C - (5C) = 0.50$$

(15 C) - (5 C)

Significant Stress depending on plant

$$Air = 30^{\circ} C$$

35° C

CWSI =
$$0.0$$

No Stress (T_{LL} =5 C)



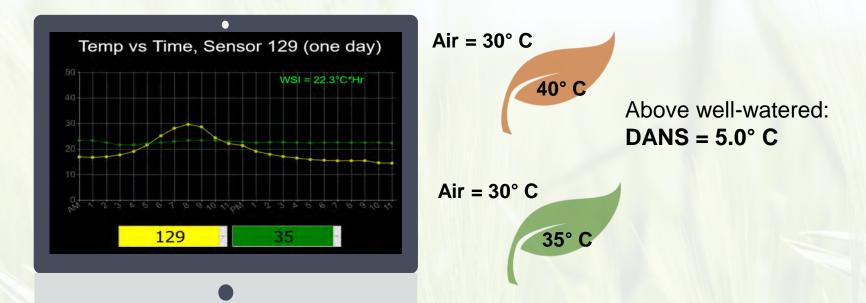
CWSI Plant Stress Data Analysis



Plant leaf temperature vs:

DANS = Degrees Above Non-Stressed plants

Stress Factor = higher temperature above well watered plant (Degree-Hours)



iDANS = Integrated Degrees Above Non-Stressed plants (Shown Above as WSI= 22.3° C)



SapIP Coordinator Module



Coordinator connected to PC via USB or irrigation controller

Smart controllers have program changes based on temperature CWSI algorithm is used



IRT Watcher Software

Allows for collection of files to PC



300-500 meters of "Line of Sight" with Outdoor Antenna

IRT-ACC24-EW



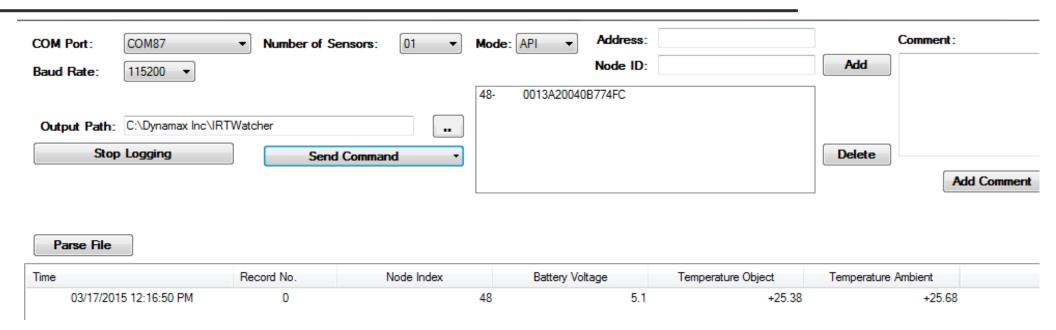
Use Routers to Add Distance

Additional 300-500 meters Up to (27) IRT with (3) routers





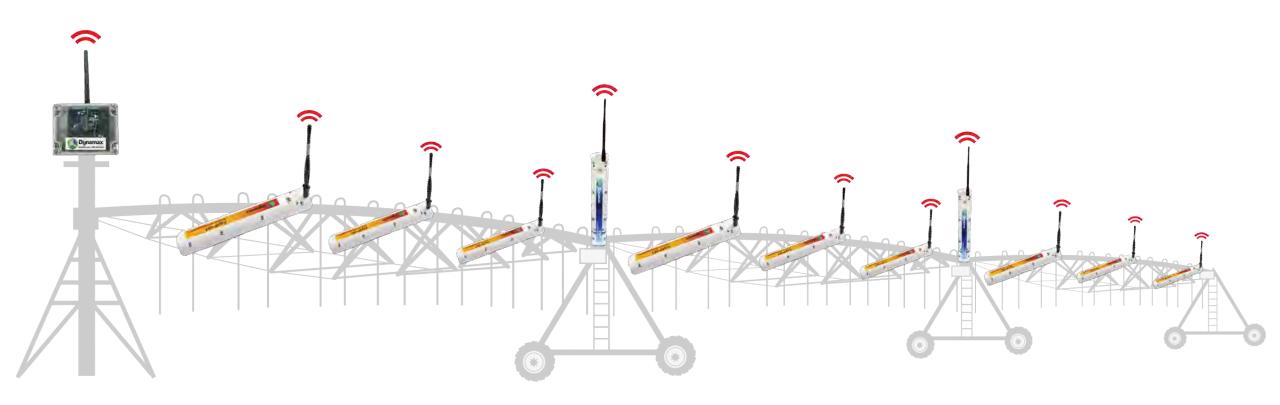
IRT-SALH Stress Accumulator Logging System



- ✓ Install on PC or Industrial Control PC with Windows Operating System
- ✓ Set up communications from USB to Coordinator
- ✓ Retrieve records for each IRT Node
- ✓ Save all data into .csv files, attached with date and time
- ✓ Use setup and network commands. Ex. "Sample" and "Network Reset" commands.

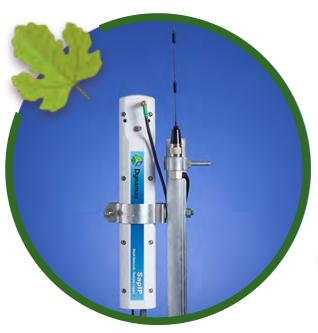


Add IRT Coordinator to Moveable Irrigation Arm





Add IRT to SapIP System









SapIP Nodes
Sap Flow or TDP

Micro-Climate Kit Weather and ET

Soil Moisture Node *Add 4 or 6 SM150 Sensors

SPIP-IRT-AD

*Add up to

(6) IRT Leaf Temp to (1)

SapIP Node



Full Features: SapIP System

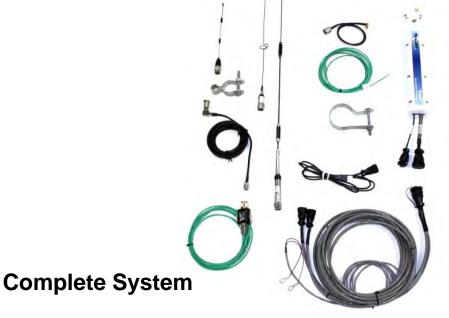


Gateway

- GSM or LAN Versions
- Power 120 or 220 Volt
- UPS Battery Backup
- Solar/Battery Option

Nodes

- 30,000 Records
- 8 Analog In
- 2 Digital In
- Heater power
- Excitation



Wiring, grounding, antenna, surge protector, mounting hardware provided

Antenna

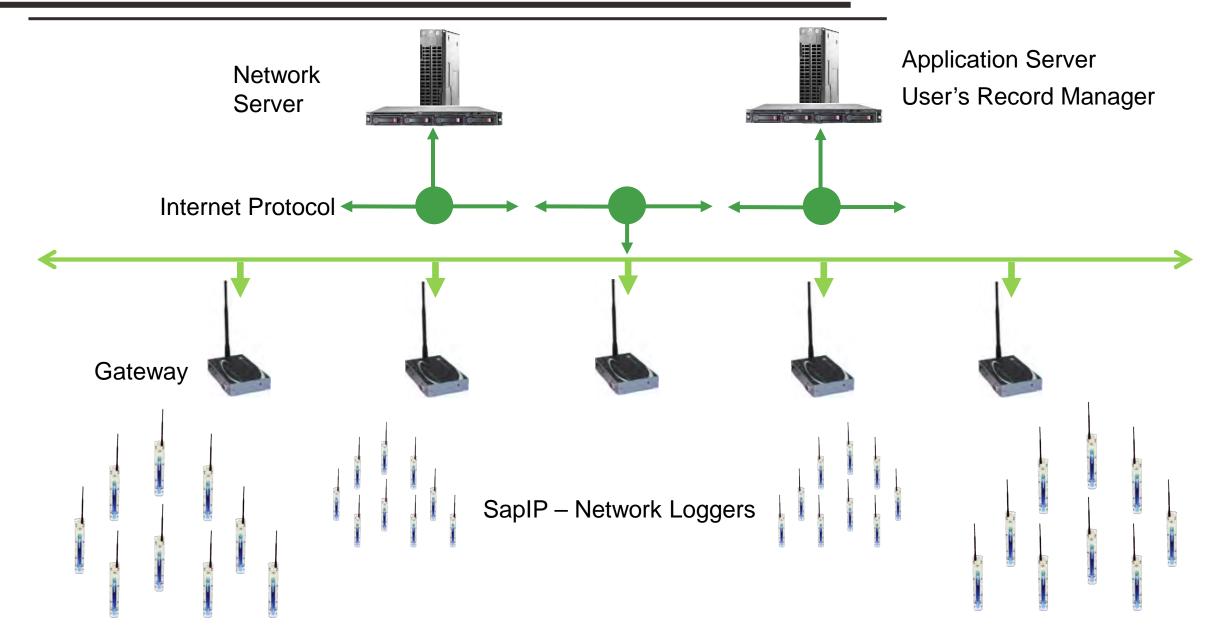
- 2.4 GHz High Gain 500 m Range
- 900 MHz High Gain 1000 m Range

SapIP REP Router

500 m hops to SapIP Nodes

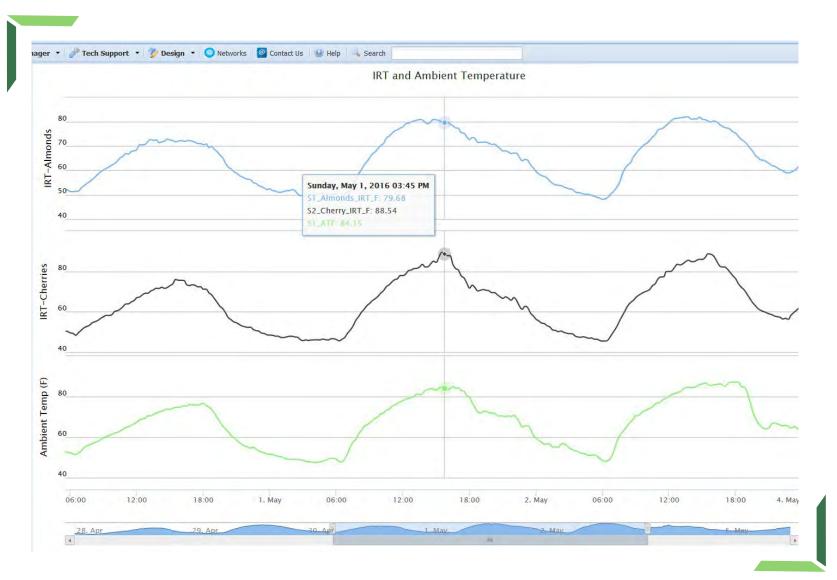


Agrisensors.NET Remote Logging Network





Agrisensors.NET Site Data



Not Well-Watered

Leaf Temperature for Cherries (Black) is 4 degrees above Ambient (Green)

Well-Watered

Leaf Temperature for Almonds (Blue) is below Ambient (Green)

1) Wireless IRT – Zigbee (SPIP-IRT)

Output = Serial #, Battery Volts, T-Target, T-Body

Must obtain a Coordinator in Zigbee and a Router for every +9 nodes

2) Analog IRT Sensors (SPIP-IRT-AD)

Temp in Analog – For conventional signal loggers, two wire signal. $(-40^{\circ} \text{ to } 60^{\circ} \text{ C} = 0 \text{ to } 1 \text{ V})$

3) SDI-12 IRT – transmit (SPIP-IRT-SDI)

Output=Serial #, Battery Volts, T-Target, T-Body









